#### Ordinance (ARO) Updates Affordable Requirements

#### ARO – how it works now

- Residential developments with 10 + units that:
- obtain a zoning change to increase allowable floor area; or
- include City land (even at market price); or
- are a downtown PD

must include 10% affordable units.

- Projects that receive financial assistance from the City must include 20% of the units as affordable
- an in-lieu fee of \$100,000 per required affordable unit Developers subject to these requirements can choose to pay

#### ARO – how it works now

- Rental units must be affordable for households earning up to 60 percent of AMI
- \$43,440 for a family of four
- Rental units remain affordable for a term of 30 years.
- For-sale units must be affordable for households earning up to 100 percent of Area Median Income (AMI)
- \$72,400 for a family of four
- Most for-sale units are administered through the Chicago perpetuity. Community Land Trust, which maintains affordability in

#### Program Outcomes

	ARO (since 2007 expansion)	Density Bonus	Total
Units Committed 184	184	5	189
In-Lieu Fees collected	\$19,017,384.6	\$34,464,978.94	\$53,482,363.54

#### 5YP Goals: 490 units

### Updating the ARO: Mayoral Mandate

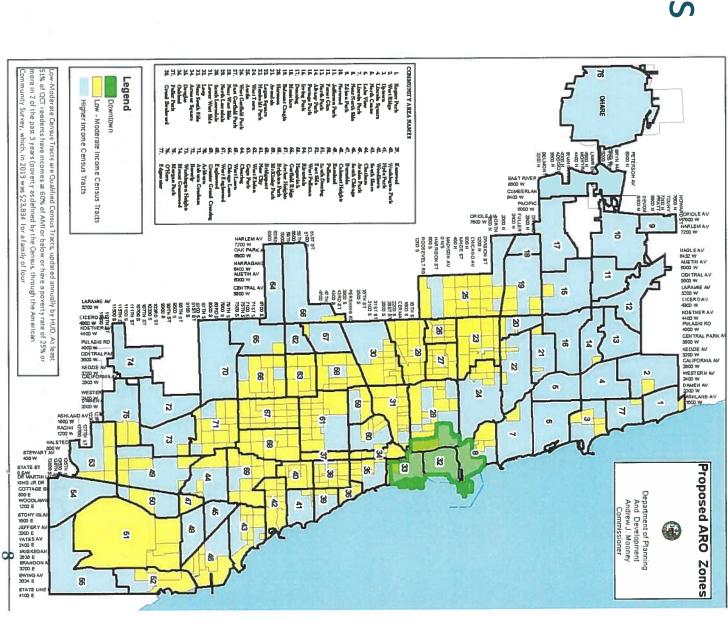
- 2014 5YP identified an ARO Update as a Priority
- Mayor named 26-member Advisory Task Force
- Charged Task Force to:
- Add 1,000 new affordable housing units to the City's inventory over the next 5 years
- Generate additional revenue for the Affordable Housing Opportunity Fund (AHOF)
- supply is minimal Add affordable housing in high-growth neighborhoods where
- Following Recommendations would generate an estimated by 2020, assuming positive market conditions. market-rate developments and over \$95 million in in-lieu fees 1,200 units, including 600 affordable units within or near

- Create more affordable units in neighborhoods with strong housing
- been slower to rebound and secure long-term affordability for low-Encourage investment in neighborhoods where housing markets have income populations
- low-income families and individuals Continue to generate funds to build and subsidize housing for very-
- changing the character of residential neighborhoods Encourage the development of greater density around transit without
- without slowing the pace of development Ensure that the value of the private benefit reflects the public cost –
- receive something of value from the City Continue to require affordable units only for those developments that
- Provide a range of options for developers to meet the affordability requirement

# Updating the ARO: Proposed ARO Zones

- The updated ARO would create three "zones" in the City, reflecting different housing markets and priorities
- Map would be updated every five years

#### Proposed ARO Zones



- 1. Create more affordable units in neighborhoods with strong housing markets
- 25% of requirement must be built on-site, or for rental developments downtown or rental or for-sale developments in income census tract within a mile of the subject project higher-income census tracts - built or bought in a higher-
- site units being created than the on-site requirement would have been owed to the City in in-lieu fees, potentially resulting in more off-At minimum, the off-site development budget would equal the amount that
- Off-site units would be bought or developed concurrently as ARO-subject project.
- Each off-site project would require approval from DPD
- Developer would pay admin fee of \$10,000 per off-site unit.
- Same percentage requirements (10/20%) as before
- Rental units would be affordable at 60% AMI
- For-Sale price increased up to to 120% AMI (\$88,300 for a family of four).

- markets have been slower to rebound and secure long-term 2. Encourage investment in neighborhoods where housing affordability for low-income populations
- In-lieu fee in low-moderate income census tracts would be halved, to \$50,000 (\$5,000 per required affordable unit).
- Downtown for-sale developers could meet their 25% affordable unit requirement by buying or developing for-sale housing offsite, in any location.
- At minimum, the off-site development budget would equal the amount that would being created than the on-site requirement. have been owed to the City in in-lieu fees, potentially resulting in more off-site units
- Off-site units would be developed or bought concurrently as ARO-triggering project.
- Each off-site project would require approval from DPD
- Developer would pay admin fee of \$10,000 per off-site unit.
- Developers who sold or leased required on-site units to the CHA reduction in remaining in-lieu fees Fund & other non-profits with long-term housing assistance vouchers. or another authorized agency\* would receive a \$25,000-per-unit

- 3. Continue to generate funds to build and subsidize housing for very-low-income families and individuals
- Maintain the in-lieu fee option for residential real estate projects at 75% of total obligation
- AHOF funds would be split evenly between Affordable get additional flexibility to spend dollars (requirement to allocate half of funding to corpus would be eliminated) housing Projects and the Trust Fund, and the Trust Fund will

- 4. Encourage the development of greater density around neighborhoods transit without changing the character of residential
- Transit Served Location (TSL) bonus applies to projects 600 feet from a transit station or 1,200 feet on a Pedestrian street
- Developers who are eligible for the TSL and that:
- provide at least 50% of the required affordable units on-site; and
- take the TSL Bonus

#### could receive a combined:

- Maximum .75 additional FAR;
- Up to 10' in height; and
- Parking reductions down to 25%

public cost - without slowing the pace of development. 5. Ensure that the value of the private benefit reflects the

since 2007, our analysis showed that projects that could have units, representing a 409% increase. Based on a sample of nearly 60% of the ARO projects approved built an average 15 units could now build 56, an increase of 45

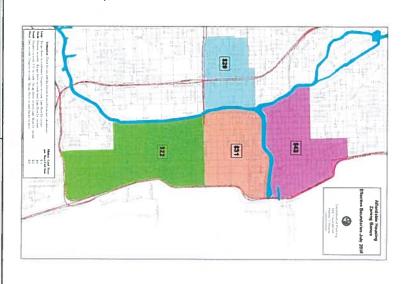
on-site units or \$466,000 in in-lieu fees. In exchange, these projects provided the City with an average 6

1	average number of units allowed under former zoning	
56	average number of units proposed under new zoning	developer benefit
45	average unit increase as a result of rezoning	er benefit
409%	percent increase as a result of rezoning	
တ	average Affordable Units provided on-site	affordabili
\$466,666	average In-Lieu Payment Collected	affordability commitment

- 5. Ensure that the value of the private benefit reflects the public cost - without slowing the pace of development.
- In-Lieu Fee Recommendations:
- \$50,000 in-lieu fee in low-moderate income census tracts (reduction)
- \$125,000 in-lieu fee for higher-income census tracts (\$12,500 per required affordable unit)
- \$175,000 base in-lieu fee downtown, with on-site buy-out premium of \$50,000 for for-sale projects only (increase) (\$17,500-\$22,500 per required affordable unit)
- \$25,000 in-lieu fee reduction downtown and in higher-income CHA or another authorized agency census tracts if required on-site units are leased or sold to the
- In-lieu fee would be adjusted annually for inflation
- downtown density bonus loophole will be eliminated

#### Density Bonus Primer

- Projects that trigger both ARO and the obligation through the Density Bonus Density Bonus can meet their ARO
- Since the ARO's expansion in 2007, this in fees collected has resulted in a reduction of over \$20 million



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(J)	4	ω	2	_	example #
payment 514	payment	payment	payment	payment	Туре
514	223	186	367	351	total
\$2,587,291.80	\$540,630.00	\$1,191,822.00	220,607	\$1,675,132.80	required payment under the density bonus
52	23	19	37	36	units required under the ARO
\$5,200,000	\$2,300,000	\$1,900,000	\$3,700,000	\$3,600,000	in-lieu fee under ARO
\$2,612,708.20	\$1,759,370.00	\$708,178.00	\$3,479,393.00	\$1,924,867.20	difference between DB fee and ARO

#### Summary of Proposed In-Lieu fees Updating the ARO:

Downtown	Higher income census tracts	Low-moderate income census tracts		
\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	Current ARO	
\$175,000	\$125,000	\$50,000	Proposed Assumes 25% of required units are provided on-site	Proposed In-Lieu Fee:
\$225,000 (for-sale only)	n/a	n/a	In-Lieu Premium Minimum 25% of required on-site affordable units are not provided	S
\$150,000	\$100,000	n/a	CHA Option  Minimum 25% of units are sold or leased to the CHA or authorized agency	

- 6. Continue to require affordable units only for those developments that receive something of value from the
- As before, as-of-right developments should continue to be exempt from the ARO
- As before, ARO applies to residential developments with 10 + units that:
- obtain a zoning change to increase allowable floor area; or
- include City land (even at market price);
- are a downtown PD; or
- Receive financial assistance from the City.

7. Provide a range of options for developers to meet the affordability requirement

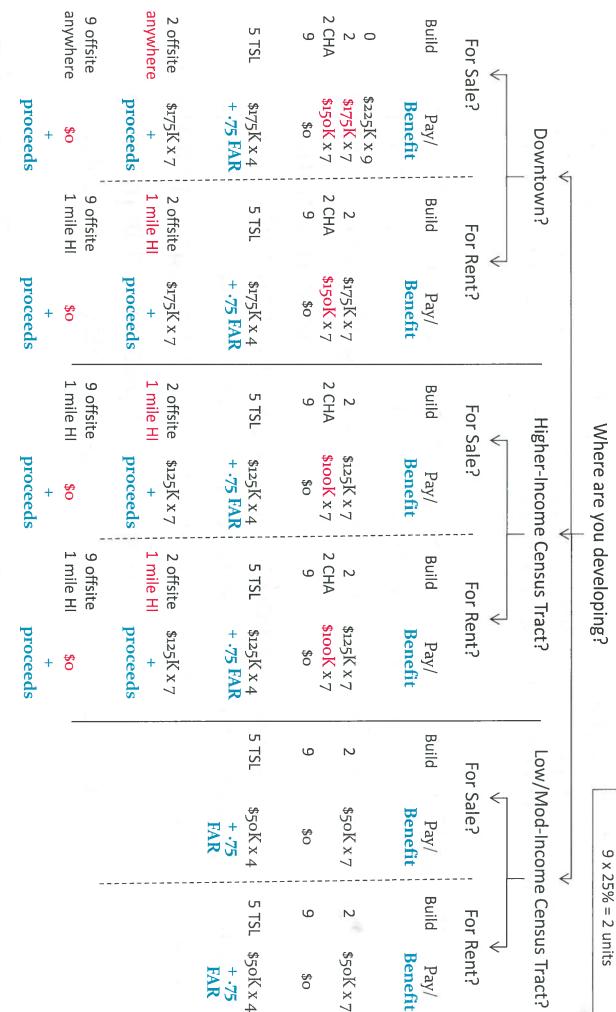
	Low-Moderate	Higher Income		
	Income Census	Census Tracts:	Downtown:	Downtown:
	Tracts: Rental	Rental and	Rental	For-Sale
Options to meet the ARO	and For-Sale	For-Sale		
Place all required affordable units	<	<	<	<
on-site and pay no in-lieu fee	>	>	>	>
Place at least 25% of required	<	<	<	<
affordable units on-site and pay a	¢50 000 in_lieu	\$135 000 in-	¢175 000 in-	\$175 000 >
fee-in-lieu per any remaining units	foo		Jien 466	in-lieu fee
Recommendation 1	וממ	ווכמ	100	וו-ווכמ וכמ
Additional Transit-Served Location				
bonus	×	×	×	×
Recommendation 4				
CHA or other authorized agency				
\$25,000 Fee Reduction		×	×	×
Recommendation 2				
Off-Site Option: within one mile and				
in a higher income census tract		×	×	
Recommendation 1				
Off-Site Option: anywhere				×
Recommendation 2				>
No on-site units – with \$225,000 in-				
lieu premium				×
Recommendation 5				

#### Updating the ARO: Phase In

- The amended ARO should be effective 90 days after City Council approval and publication.
- Projects submitted\* prior to the effective date would have nine Council publication of the ARO updates) to receive City months following the effective date (roughly one year after City Council approval
- requirements of the new provisions in the amended ARO nine months of the ARO effective date would be subject to the Any project that has not received Council approval within

applications were submitted to DPD assistance, "submitted" would be understood to mean that complete applications that were introduced to City Council. For land sales or financial \*For zoning changes/PDs, "submitted" would be understood to mean

#### For a 90 unit residential development requesting an upzoning...



Affordable Requirement:  $90 \times 10\% = 9 \text{ units}$ 

On Site Requirement: